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| **Tropical Evergreen Forests** |
| * The tropical wet evergreen forest in India is usually found in areas receiving more than 200 cm of rainfall and having a temperature of 15-30 degrees Celsius.
* They occupy about 7% of the earth’s surface.
* They are found mostly near the equator.
* They have sparse undergrowth interspersed with clearings
* They have a scarce presence of litter (organic matter settling on the ground)
* These forests are dense and multi-layered.
* They harbour many types of plants and animals.
* The forests constitute an important part of the environment and ecology.
* These trees are an important component of the Forest Biology and ecosystem, that helps to promote life in the ecosystem. This allows the plants and animal life to harmonize and live with one another in absolute peace.
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| **Plant Species in Tropical Evergreen Forests** | **Animal Species in Tropical Evergreen Forests** |
| * Ebony
* Mahogany
* Rosewood
* Rubber Chinchona
 | * Elephants
* Monkeys
* Lemur
* Deer
* One-Horned Rhino (Assam, West Bengal)
* Birds
* Bats
* Sloth
* Scorpions
* Snails
 |

**:** Answer the following questions.

1. The continent in which the Amazon Basin is located is South America.
2. What are the crops grown by the people of the Amazon Basin?
3. Name the birds that you are likely to find in the rainforests of the Amazon.
4. What are the major cities located on the river Ganga?
5. Where is the one-horned rhinoceros found?

**:** Tick the correct answer.

(i) Toucans are a type of –

1. birds
2. animals
3. crops

(ii) Manioc is the staple food of –

1. Ganga basin
2. Africa
3. Amazon

(iii) Kolkata is located on the bank of –

1. Orange
2. Hooghly
3. Bhagirathi

(iv) Deodars and Firs are a type of –

1. coniferous trees
2. deciduous trees
3. shrubs

(v) Bengal tiger is found in –

1. mountains
2. delta area (Sunderbans)
3. Amazon

Match the items in column I with those in column II:

|  |  |
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| **Column I** | **Column II** |
| 1. Cotton textile
2. Maloca
3. Piranha
4. Silk worm
5. Kaziranga
 | 1. Assam
2. Sericulture
3. Slanting roof
4. Ganga basin
5. Fish
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